**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, AHMEDABAD REGION**  
**PERIODIC TEST-1 2019-20**

**CLASS-VI**  
**ENGLISH**

[TIME : 1:30 HOURS] [MAX.MARKS-40]

-: GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

(i) There are 3 sections A, B and C.

Section A: Reading 10 marks

Section B: Writing and Grammar 16 marks  
Section C: Literature 14 marks

(ii) Attempt all questions.  
(iii) All the answer must be correctly numbered as in the question paper and write in theanswer sheet

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|  | **SECTION - A (Reading – 10)** |  |
| 1. | **Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.** | 5 |
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|  | 1. What can be called as child labour? 2. What is the number of girls working as child labourers? 3. Why does child labour appear invisible nowadays? 4. What kind of manual works are children involved in? 5. Which Indian state has the largest number of child labourers? |  |
| 2. | **Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.** | 5 |
|  | Apiculture or beekeeping is the practice of maintaining honeybee colonies, usually in hives.  This could be for collecting honey and beeswax, or for pollinating crops, or for the purpose of selling bees to other beekeepers. About 85 per cent crops plants are cross-pollinated, and colonies of honeybees, placed in the field when the crop is in flowering stage, can set about the needed pollination; abundance of pollinators helps in early setting of seeds, resulting in early and a more uniform crop yield.      In India, due to the diversity in flora, topography and activities of people, beekeeping and management is diverse. Here, beekeeping has been adapted to various ecosystems, socioeconomic profiles and habitat preferences. Rural beekeeping has a role to play as not all can become commercial beekeepers. This rural sector needs to be enhanced by appropriate tools, support systems and bring them to the forefront. It is this informal sector which is providing up to 70 per cent of the honey and beeswax market in India.    There are many species of honey bees to be found across the Indian subcontinent.  Apis cerana are found across the breadth and range of the country. There are rural beekeepers in the high mountains of the Himalayas who keep log hives in house walls and revetments.  Apis dorsata are the giant rock bees found in large numbers in the Himalayas. Apis laboriosa is found in higher reaches while Apis dorsata is commonly found in the lower areas of the Terai (foothills).  Commercial migratory beekeepers with Apis mellifera are steadily increasing in the northern hill state of Himachal, the plains of Punjab, Bihar and Madhya Pradesh. Rich bee farmers come in trucks bringing hundreds of colonies of Apis mellifera to apple orchards for pollination business in Himachal Pradesh.   1. What makes bee keeping and management diverse in India? 2. How do honeybees help in pollination? 3. Who brings about 70 per cent of the honey and beeswax market in India? 4. How many bee species are mentioned here? 5. How can apiculture be defined? |  |
|  | **SECTION-B (WRITING AND GRAMMAR-16 MARKS)** |  |
| 3. | You are Rahul/Radha, a student of class VI, studying in KV Ranchi. You have lost your wrist watch on the school ground. Draft a notice in not more than 50 words to be displayed on the school notice board. | 4 |
| 4. | Write an application to your Principal requesting him/her to grant you leave for ten days as you have to attend your brother’s marriage. (100-120 words) | 6 |
| 5. | **Select the most suitable word from the box given below to complete the following sentences.**  (swarm, pride, caravan, team, pack, bunch)   1. a \_\_\_\_\_\_of bees 2. a \_\_\_ \_\_\_ 0f lions 3. a \_\_\_\_\_\_ of camels 4. a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of players. 5. a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of keys. 6. a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of wolves. | 3 |
| 6. | Rearrange the following words/ phrases to make meaningful sentences:   1. culprit / the / catches / policeman / the 2. strikes/the /hockey team / a goal /captain /the /of 3. had / the patient /the / arrived /died / the doctor/before | 3 |
|  | **SECTION D (LITERATURE - 14)** |  |
| 7. | **Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:**  *What is a home?*  *It’s loving and family.*  *and doing for others.*  *It’s brothers and sisters*  *and fathers and mothers.*  *It’s unselfish acts*  *and kindly sharing*  *and showing your loved ones*  *You’re always caring.*   1. Write one word that strikes you hen the word ‘home’ is mentioned. 2. Who are your love ones? 3. Where would you like to live, in a home or a house and why? 4. Name any one value that is an essential element of a home. | 4 |
| 8. | Answer **ANY FIVE**  from the questions given below:     1. What did Patrick do instead of doing homework before meeting the elf? 2. What as the Dog sick and tired of? 3. Why did the farmer’s wife regret her hasty action? 4. Why did the King make the poor old shepherd the governor? 5. How did the Emperor of Japan reward Taro? | 10 |